ConnectingChemistry

BRENNTAG

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Version 11.0 | Print Date 2017/09/11

Revision date / valid from 2017/09/11 | **MSDS code: MSHY100**

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	:	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%
Substance name	:	sodium hypochlorite, solution
CAS-No.	:	7681-52-9
EC-No.	:	231-668-3
EU REACH-Reg. No.	:	01-2119488154-34-xxxx

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	:	Identified use: See table in front of appendix for a complete overview of identified uses.
Uses advised against	:	At this moment we have not identified any uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	:	Brenntag UK Limited Alpha House, Lawnswood Business Park GB LS16 6QY Leeds
Telephone	:	+44 (0) 113 3879 200
Telefax	:	+44 (0) 113 3879 280
E-mail address	:	msds@brenntag.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number	:	Emergency only telephone number (open 24 hours): +44 (0) 1865 407333 (N.C.E.C. Culham)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008			
Hazard class	**Hazard category**	**Target Organs**	**Hazard statements**
Corrosive to metals	Category 1	---	H290
Skin corrosion	Category 1B	---	H314

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Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1	---	H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2	---	H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Most important adverse effects

Human Health	:	See section 11 for toxicological information.
Physical and chemical hazards	:	See section 9/10 for physicochemical information.
Potential environmental effects	:	See section 12 for environmental information.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard symbols :

Signal word	:	Danger	
Hazard statements	:	H290	May be corrosive to metals.
		H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
		H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention	:	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
		P260	Do not breathe gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
		P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response	:	P301 + P330 + P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
		P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
		P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
		P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
		P308 + P310	IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

		P313	Get medical advice/ attention.
Disposal	:	P501	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/international regulations.

Additional Labelling:

EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- sodium hypochlorite, solution

2.3. Other hazards

For Results of PBT and vPvB assessment see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Chemical nature : Aqueous solution

Hazardous components	Amount [%]	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) Hazard class / Hazard category	Hazard statements
sodium hypochlorite, solution			
Index-No. : 017-011-00-1 CAS-No. : 7681-52-9 EC-No. : 231-668-3 EU REACH-Reg. No. : 01-2119488154-34-xxxx	>= 10 - < 20	Met. Corr.1 Skin Corr.1B STOT SE3 Aquatic Acute1 Aquatic Chronic1	H290 H314 H335 H400 H410
sodium hydroxide			
Index-No. : 011-002-00-6 CAS-No. : 1310-73-2 EC-No. : 215-185-5 EU REACH-Reg. No. : 01-2119457892-27-xxxx	< 1	Met. Corr.1 Skin Corr.1A	H290 H314

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

If inhaled : In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air

	and keep at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.
In case of skin contact	: Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician immediately.
In case of eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Consult an eye specialist immediately. Go to an ophthalmic hospital if possible.
If swallowed	: Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	: See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.
Effects	: See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment	: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product itself does not burn.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting	: Heating or fire can release toxic gas.
Hazardous combustion products	: Chlorine, Hydrogen chloride gas, chlorine oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters	: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.Wear appropriate body protection (full protective suit)
Further advice	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.Heating will cause a pressure rise - with risk of

bursting.Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away unprotected persons. Provide adequate ventilation. Danger of slipping if spilled Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapour.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such cases.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not keep the container sealed.

Further information : Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations".

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Do not keep the container sealed. Handle and open container with care. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Emergency eye wash fountains and emergency showers should be available in the immediate vicinity.

Hygiene measures : Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep in an area equipped with alkali resistant flooring. Keep only in the original container. Store in a receptacle equipped with a vent. Iron; Copper; Aluminium; Stainless steel
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	The product is not flammable. Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Further information on storage conditions	:	Keep in a well-ventilated place. Protect against light. Store in cool place.
Advice on common storage	:	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not store together with acids and ammonium salts.
Suitable packaging materials	:	Polyethylene, Polyvinylchloride
Unsuitable packaging materials	:	, Iron, Copper, Aluminium, Stainless steel

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Component:	chlorine	CAS-No. 7782-50-5
	Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values	

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3

EU. Indicative Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3
Indicative

ELV (IE), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m3
Indicative OELV

Component:	sodium hydroxide	CAS-No. 1310-73-2
	Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values	

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
2 mg/m3

ELV (IE), Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
2 mg/m3

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)/Derived Minimal Effect Level (DMEL)

DNEL Workers, Acute - systemic effects, Acute - local effects, Inhalation	:	3.1 mg/m3
DNEL Workers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation	:	1.55 mg/m3
DNEL Workers, Long-term - local effects, Skin contact	:	0.5 %
DNEL Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Long-term - local effects, Inhalation	:	1.55 mg/m3
DNEL Consumers, short-term, Inhalation	:	3.1 mg/m3
DNEL Consumers, Long-term - systemic effects, Ingestion	:	0.26 mg/kg bw/day

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Fresh water	:	0.21 µg/l
Marine water	:	0.042 µg/l
Sewage treatment plant (STP)	:	0.03 mg/l
Intermittent releases	:	0.26 µg/l
Soil Exposition is not expected.	:	
Marine sediment Exposition is not expected.	:	
Fresh water sediment Exposition is not expected.	:	

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Advice	:	Use respirator with appropriate filter if vapours or aerosol are released. Respiratory protection complying with EN 141. Recommended Filter type: Combination filter:B-P2 Combination filter:B-P3 In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hand protection

Advice	:	Protective gloves complying with EN 374. The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product / the substance / the preparation. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Protective gloves should be replaced at first signs of wear.
Material	:	butyl-rubber
Break through time	:	8 h
Glove thickness	:	0.5 mm

Material	:	Polyvinylchloride
Break through time	:	8 h
Glove thickness	:	0.5 mm

Material	:	polychloroprene
Break through time	:	8 h
Glove thickness	:	0.5 mm

Eye protection

Advice	:	Tightly fitting safety goggles Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin and body protection

Advice	:	Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing and boots. alkali resistant protective clothing

Environmental exposure controls

General advice	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. If material reaches soil inform authorities responsible for such cases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	:	liquid
Colour	:	yellow to green
Odour	:	of Chlorine
Odour Threshold	:	no data available
pH	:	> 11
Melting point/range	:	ca. -30 - -20 °C 13 - 16% solution
Boiling point/boiling range	:	ca. 100 °C (1013 hPa) 13 - 16% solution
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	no data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	:	Not applicable
Lower explosion limit	:	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	:	ca. 20 hPa (20 °C) 13 - 16% solution
Relative vapour density	:	no data available
Density	:	1.11 g/cm3 (20 °C) 10% solution 1.317 g/cm3 (20 °C) 15% solution 1.24 g/cm3 (20 °C) 20% solution
Water solubility	:	completely miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Kow -3.42 (20 °C)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	no data available

Thermal decomposition	:	> 111 °C
Viscosity, dynamic	:	3 - 4 mPa.s (20 °C) 13 - 16% solution
Explosivity	:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	:	Oxidizing agents

9.2. Other information

Corrosion to metals	:	Corrosive to metals

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Advice	:	Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Advice	:	Decomposes on heating. Decomposes on exposure to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	May develop chlorine if mixed with acidic solutions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.Keep away from direct sunlight.
Thermal decomposition	:	> 111 °C

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid	:	Acids, ammonium compounds, Acetic anhydride, Organic materials, Hydrogen peroxide, metal salts, Copper, Nickel, Iron

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hydrogen chloride gas, Chlorine, chlorine oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Data for the product
Acute toxicity
Oral

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Please find this information in the listing of the component/components below in this section.

Inhalation

Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

Dermal

Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

Irritation

Skin

Result : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eyes

Result : Causes eye burns.

Sensitisation

Result : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

CMR effects

CMR Properties

Carcinogenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
Mutagenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
Teratogenicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Single exposure

Remarks : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

Repeated exposure

Remarks : Not classified based on the calculation method according to CLP regulation.

Other toxic properties

Repeated dose toxicity

no data available

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Aspiration hazard
Not applicable,

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9

Acute toxicity

Oral

LD50	:	> 1100 mg/kg (Rat; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 401)

Inhalation

LC50	:	> 10.5 mg/l (Rat; 1 h; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

Dermal

LD50	:	> 20000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Test substance: Chlorine) (OECD Test Guideline 402)

Irritation

Skin

Result	:	Severe skin irritation (Rabbit) (OECD Test Guideline 404) corrosive effects (human)

Eyes

Result	:	Causes serious eye damage. (Rabbit) (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Sensitisation

Result	:	not sensitizing (Buehler Test; Guinea pig) (OECD Test Guideline 406)

CMR effects

CMR Properties

Carcinogenicity	:	Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.
Mutagenicity	:	In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects
Teratogenicity	:	Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.
Reproductive toxicity	:	Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Genotoxicity in vitro

Result	:	negative (Ames test; Salmonella typhimurium) (OECD Test Guideline 471) ambiguous (Chromosome aberration test in vitro; Chinese hamster fibroblasts) (OECD Test Guideline 473)

Genotoxicity in vivo

Result	:	negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD Test Guideline 474) negative (Chromosome aberration test in vivo; Mouse) (OECD Test Guideline 475) ambiguous (Effects on sperm morphology and melotic micronuclei; Mouse)

Teratogenicity

NOAEL Teratog.	:	5.7 mg/kg (Rat)Test substance Chlorine

Reproductive toxicity

NOAEL Parent	:	5 mg/kg (Rat)(Oral)Effects on fertilityTest substance Chlorine

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Single exposure

Inhalation	:	Target Organs: Respiratory systemMay cause respiratory irritation.Experience with human exposure

Repeated exposure

Remarks	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Other toxic properties

Repeated dose toxicity

NOAEL	:	50 mg/kg (Rat)(Oral; 90 Days) (OECD Test Guideline 408)

Aspiration hazard	
No aspiration toxicity classification,	

Further information		
Other relevant toxicity information	:	If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Data for the product

Chronic toxicity		
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
Result	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
Acute toxicity		
Fish		
LC50	:	0.06 mg/l (Salmo gairdneri; 96 h)
NOEC		0.04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside); 96 h)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates		
EC50	:	0.141 mg/l (Daphnia magna (Water flea); 48 h)
algae		
NOEC	:	0.0021 mg/l (algae; 7 Days) Fresh water
Bacteria		
EC50	:	> 3 mg/l (activated sludge; 3 h)

Chronic toxicity		
Fish		
NOEC	:	0.04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae (tidewater silverside); 28 d)
Aquatic invertebrates		
NOEC		0.007 mg/l (Eastern oyster (Crassostrea virginica); 15 d) Marine water

M-Factor		
M-Factor (Acute Aquat. Tox.)	:	10
M-Factor (Chron. Aquat. Tox.)	:	1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
Persistence and degradability		
Persistence		
Result	:	The product can be degraded by abiotic (e.g. chemical or photolytic) processes. decomposition by hydrolysis. Half-life in fresh-water < 1 day
Biodegradability		
Result	:	The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
Bioaccumulation		
Result	:	log Kow -3.42 (20 °C)
	:	Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Mobility	

Water	:	The product is mobile in water enviroment.
Soil	:	Highly mobile in soils
Air	:	not volatile (Henry's Constant)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data for the product	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Result	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Result	:	The PBT or vPvB criteria of Annex XIII to the REACH Regulation does not apply to inorganic substances.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Component:	sodium hypochlorite, solution	CAS-No. 7681-52-9
	Additional ecological information	
Result	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product	:	Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.
Contaminated packaging	:	Dispose of contaminated packaging in the same way as the product. In accordance with local and national regulations. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.
European Waste Catalogue Number	:	No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation with the regional waste disposer.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

1791

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
RID : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
IMDG : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class : 8
(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard identification No; Tunnel restriction code)
8; C9; 80; (E)

RID-Class : 8
(Labels; Classification Code; Hazard identification No)
8; C9; 80

IMDG-Class : 8
(Labels; EmS)
8; F-A, S-B

14.4. Packaging group

ADR : II
RID : II
IMDG : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous according to ADR : yes
Environmentally hazardous according to RID : yes
Marine Pollutant according to IMDG-Code : yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IMDG : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Data for the product

EU. REACH, Annex XVII, Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)	:	Point Nos.: , 3; Listed
EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) Annex I	:	Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1 Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1 Lower-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E2: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2 Upper-tier requirements: 500 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E2: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2

Component: sodium hydroxide CAS-No. 1310-73-2

Notification status sodium hydroxide:

Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
AICS	YES	
DSL	YES	
EINECS	YES	215-185-5
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-410
IECSC	YES	
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-410
KECI (KR)	YES	97-1-136
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-31487
NZIOC	YES	HSR001547
PICCS (PH)	YES	
TSCA	YES	

Component: sodium hypochlorite, solution CAS-No. 7681-52-9

EU. Regulation EU No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals	:	; The substance/mixture does not fall under this legislation.
EU. REACH, Annex XVII, Marketing and Use Restrictions (Regulation 1907/2006/EC)	:	Point Nos.: , 3; Listed
EU. Regulation No	:	EC Number: , 231-668-3; Listed

1451/2007 [Biocides], Annex I, OJ (L 325)

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) Annex I	:	Lower-tier requirements: 100 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1 Upper-tier requirements: 200 tonnes; Part 1: Categories of dangerous substances; E1: Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1
UK. Releases to air and water (UK ISR)	:	Annual reporting level threshold: 10,000 kg
WGK (DE)	:	WGK 2: water endangering: 815; Classification source is Annex 2.

Notification status
sodium hypochlorite, solution:

Regulatory List	Notification	Notification number
AICS	YES	
DSL	YES	
EINECS	YES	231-668-3
ENCS (JP)	YES	(1)-237
IECSC	YES	
ISHL (JP)	YES	(1)-237
KECI (KR)	YES	KE-31506
NZIOC	YES	HSR003698
PICCS (PH)	YES	
TSCA	YES	

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

no data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

BCF	bioconcentration factor
BOD	biochemical oxygen demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging
CMR	carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction
COD	chemical oxygen demand
DNEL	derived no-effect level
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
LC50	median lethal concentration
LOAEC	lowest observed adverse effect concentration
LOAEL	lowest observed adverse effect level
LOEL	lowest observed effect level
NLP	no-longer polymer
NOAEC	no observed adverse effect concentration
NOAEL	no observed adverse effect level
NOEC	no observed effect concentration
NOEL	no observed effect level
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
OEL	occupational exposure limit
PBT	persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC	predicted no-effect concentration
STOT	specific target organ toxicity
SVHC	substance of very high concern
UVCB	substance of unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials
vPvB	very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Key literature references and sources for data	:	Supplier information and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were used to create this safety data sheet.
Methods used for product classification	:	The classification for human health, physical and chemical hazards and environmental hazards were derived from a combination of calculation methods and if available test data.
Hints for trainings	:	The workers have to be trained regularly on the safe handling of the products based on the information provided in the Safety Data Sheet and the local conditions of the workplace. National regulations for the training of workers in the handling of hazardous materials must be adhered to.

|| Other information : || The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and does not constitute a legal relationship.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

|| Indicates updated section.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

No.	Short title	Main User Group (SU)	Sector of Use (SU)	Product Category (PC)	Process Category (PROC)	Environmental Release Category (ERC)	Article Category (AC)	Specified
1	Manufacture of substance	3	8	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	1	NA	ES447
2	Use as an intermediate	3	8, 9	19	1, 2, 3, 4, 8a, 8b, 9	6a	NA	ES9182
3	Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	3	10	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 14, 15	2	NA	ES9179
4	Use in cleaning agents	3	4	35	5, 7, 8a, 9, 10, 13	6b	NA	ES9191
5	Use in cleaning agents	22	NA	35	5, 9, 10, 11, 13, 15	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES538
6	Use in sewage water treatment	3	23	20, 37	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9187
7	Use in paper industry	3	6b	26	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9	6b	NA	ES9189
8	Use in textile industry	3	5	34	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13	6b	NA	ES9185
9	Industrial use	3	4, 5, 6a, 6b, 8, 9, 10, 11	NA	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 13, 14	6a, 6b, 6d	NA	ES523
10	Consumer use	21	NA	34, 35, 37	NA	8a, 8b, 8d, 8e	NA	ES653

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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 1: Manufacture of substance	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products)
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Environmental Release Categories	ERC1: Manufacture of substances

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC1		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the	Covers percentage substance in the product up to

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	Substance in Mixture/Article	25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, Relevant for all PROCs: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	General exposures	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.540mg/m³	0.1742
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Laboratory activities	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.252mg/m³	0.081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4	Equipment maintenance	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.480mg/m³	0.155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9	---	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.498mg/m³	0.161

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 2: Use as an intermediate	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals
Chemical product category	PC19: Intermediate
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,

PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC8a, PROC8b	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC9	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 3: Formulation & (re)packing of substances and mixtures	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys)
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental Release Categories	ERC2: Formulation of preparations

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC2		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should

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to external treatment of waste for disposal		comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance. Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC14, PROC15: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC15	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	General exposures	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.540mg/m³	0.1742

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	Laboratory activities	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.252mg/m³	0.081
PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5	Equipment maintenance	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.480mg/m³	0.155
PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9	---	worker - inhalation, short-term - local and systemic	0.498mg/m³	0.161
PROC14	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term	0.23mg/m³	0.15

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 4: Use in cleaning agents	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC7: Industrial spraying PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scenario is only relevant for an appropriated use according to the quality grade of the substance delivered

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.

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	Mixture/Article	
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC5, PROC8a	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC7	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC9	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59
PROC10	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.00mg/m³	0.65
PROC13	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.70mg/m³	0.45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 5: Use in cleaning agents	
Main User Groups	SU 22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
Chemical product category	PC35: Washing and cleaning products
Process categories	PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC10: Roller application or brushing PROC11: Non industrial spraying PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Do not let product enter drains., Onsite wastewater treatment required
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC5, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
	Physical Form (at time of	Liquid, moderate fugacity

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	use)	
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. The work place and work methods shall be organized in such a way that direct contact with the product is prevented or minimized.	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection Personal measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		
2.3 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC11		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Amount used		0.005 kg
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	120 min
	Frequency of use	4 Times per day
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. The work place and work methods shall be organized in such a way that direct contact with the product is prevented or minimized.	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC11: EASE v2.0

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC11	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - systemic	0.0017mg/m³	0.0011

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. Exposure is considered negligible.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

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SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 6: Use in sewage water treatment	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU23: Recycling
Chemical product category	PC20: Products such as pH-regulators, flocculants, precipitants, neutralization agents PC37: Water treatment chemicals
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4,

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PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC9	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time
These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking at the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 7: Use in paper industry	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products
Chemical product category	PC26: Paper and board dye, finishing and impregnation products: including bleaches and other processing aids
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national

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disposal		regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81
PROC9	---	Worker - inhalative, long-	0.91mg/m³	0.59

		term - local		

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time
These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices (i.e. regular cleaning), no eating and smoking at the workplace, wearing of standard working clothes and shoes.

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 8: Use in textile industry	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur
Chemical product category	PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6b		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999.999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should

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to external treatment of waste for disposal		comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Covers percentage substance in the product up to 25 %.
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Body weight	70 kg
	Respiration volume under conditions of use	10 m3/day
	Light activity	
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature., Outdoor location is covered by the worst case inside location	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13: Advanced REACH Tool (ART model)

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PROC1	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.02mg/m³	0.01
PROC2, PROC3	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.10mg/m³	0.71
PROC4	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.20mg/m³	0.77
PROC5, PROC8a,	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	1.25mg/m³	0.81

PROC8b				
PROC9	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.91mg/m³	0.59
PROC13	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local	0.70mg/m³	0.45

The short-term exposure is covered by the assessment of long-term exposure. Qualitative assessment dermal. Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 9: Industrial use	
Main User Groups	SU 3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Sectors of end-use	SU4: Manufacture of food products SU5: Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur SU6a: Manufacture of wood and wood products SU6b: Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products SU8: Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) SU9: Manufacture of fine chemicals SU 10: Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/ or re-packaging (excluding alloys) SU11: Manufacture of rubber products
Process categories	PROC1: Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions PROC2: Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3: Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/ or significant contact) PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9: Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring PROC14: Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
Environmental Release Categories	ERC6a: Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates) ERC6b: Industrial use of reactive processing aids ERC6d: Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins, rubbers, polymers
Activity	Note: this Exposure Scenario is only relevant for an appropriated use according to the quality grade of the substance delivered

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC6d

Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic.
, Low potential to bioaccumulate.

Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded

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prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
	Soil	Substance release to soil can be excluded
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
2.2 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC14		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 15%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use	
	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature.	
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.	
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source	
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus.	
Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.		
2.3 Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for: PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 5%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
	Process Temperature	90 °C
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration per day	8 h
	Frequency of use	5 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands 820 cm²

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Other operational conditions affecting workers exposure	Indoor or outdoor use
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker	Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Drain down system prior to equipment opening or maintenance.
Organisational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure	Ensure that no inhalable aerosols are generated Regular inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines. Ensure that the task is not carried out overhead. Ensure containment of the emission source
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	In case of odour, gas alarm or insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory protection In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves. (Efficiency: 90 %)

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Workers

Relevant for all PROCs: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
Relevant for all PROCs	---	Worker - inhalative, long-term - local and systemic.	0.705mg/m³	0.4548

Qualitative assessment dermal. Contact is only accidental. The exposure estimate represents the 90th percentile of the exposure distribution.

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.
Exposure values based on the EU Risk Assessment Report on chlorine (2007)

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented.
Ensure that gas alarms are installed
Change gloves, if duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time

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1. Short title of Exposure Scenario 10: Consumer use	
Main User Groups	SU 21: Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers)
Chemical product category	PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids PC35: Washing and cleaning products PC37: Water treatment chemicals
Environmental Release Categories	ERC8a: Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8b: Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems ERC8d: Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems ERC8e: Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems

2.1 Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for: ERC8a, ERC8b, ERC8d, ERC8e		
Substance is a unique structure, Non-hydrophobic. , Low potential to bioaccumulate.		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product : 0% - 10%
Amount used	Amounts used in the EU (tonnes/year)	999999 ton(s)/year
Frequency and duration of use	Continuous exposure	360 days/year
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	Flow rate of receiving surface water	18,000 m3/d
	Dilution Factor (River)	10
	Dilution Factor (Coastal Areas)	100
Technical conditions and measures at process level to prevent release Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from the site	Air	Substance release to air can be excluded
	Water	Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater., Do not release wastewater directly into environment., Onsite wastewater treatment required, No discharge of substance into waste water
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	Type of Sewage Treatment Plant	Municipal sewage treatment plant
	Flow rate of sewage treatment plant effluent	2,000 m3/d
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	Waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

2.2 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35: Cleaners, trigger sprays (all purpose cleaners, sanitary products, glass cleaners)		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 3%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Amount used	Amount used per event	0.005 kg
Frequency and duration of use	Exposure duration	7.5 min
	Frequency of use	4 Times per day

Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Indoor use	
	Room size	4 m3
	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5
2.3 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC35		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,5%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	1 Times per day
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Palm of one Hand 420 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Indoor use	
	Room size	4 m3
	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.
2.4 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC34		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0.05%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	2 days/week
Human factors not influenced by risk management	Exposed skin area	Two hands 820 cm²
Other given operational conditions affecting consumers exposure	Indoor use	
	Room size	4 m3
	Ventilation rate per hour	0.5
Conditions and measures related to protection of consumer (e.g. behavioural advice, personal protection and hygiene)	Consumer Measures	Wear impervious chemical resistant protective gloves.
2.5 Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for: PC37		
Product characteristics	Concentration of the Substance in Mixture/Article	Concentration of substance in product: 0% - 0,1%
	Physical Form (at time of use)	Liquid, moderate fugacity
	Vapour pressure	25 hPa
Amount used		2000 mL
Frequency and duration of use	Frequency of use	1 Times per day

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Environment

SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE >=10 - <=15%

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use.

Consumers

PC34, PC35: EU RAR

Contributing Scenario	Specific conditions	Exposure routes	Level of Exposure	RCR
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre-treatment	Consumer - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.68µg/m³	0.000108
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	Consumer - inhalative, long-term - systemic	1.68µg/m³	0.000108
PC34	Laundry bleaching/pre-treatment	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local	0.035mg/kg bw/day	< 1
PC35	Hard surface cleaning	Consumer - dermal, short-term - local	0.002mg/kg bw/day	< 1
---	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, acute	0.0003mg/kg bw/day	---
---	Drinking water, adult	Consumer oral, long-term	0.003mg/kg bw/day	0.011
---	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, acute	0.0007mg/kg bw/day	---
---	Drinking water, children	Consumer oral, long-term	0.0033mg/kg bw/day	0.011

4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the Exposure Scenario

Only properly trained persons shall make use of scaling methods while checking whether the OC and RMM are within the boundaries set by the ES

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